# This Page is Inserted by IFW Indexing and Scanning Operations and is not part of the Official Record

## BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images include but are not limited to the items checked:
☐ BLACK BORDERS
☐ IMAGE CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
☐ FADED TEXT OR DRAWING
BLURRED OR ILLEGIBLE TEXT OR DRAWING
SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
COLOR OR BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPHS
GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS
☐ LINES OR MARKS ON ORIGINAL DOCUMENT
☐ REFERENCE(S) OR EXHIBIT(S) SUBMITTED ARE POOR QUALITY
OTHER:

IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

As rescanning these documents will not correct the image problems checked, please do not report these problems to the IFW Image Problem Mailbox.





### United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	F	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/045,601	-	11/07/2001	Dongyun Lee	594768121US	8571
25096	7590	08/30/2004		EXAM	INER
PERKINS	COIE LI	_P	VITAL, PIERRE M		
PATENT-S	EA			ART UNIT	
P.O. BOX 1	P.O. BOX 1247				PAPER NUMBER
SEATTLE, WA 98111-1247				2188	
				DATE MAIL ED: 08/30/200	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/045,601	LEE ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Pierre M. Vital	2188				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT!  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicati.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ION.  FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a roon.  , a reply within the statutory minimum of thir period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON statute, cause the application to become AE	eply be timely filed  by (30) days will be considered timely.  THS from the mailing date of this communication.  BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>28 June 2004</u> .					
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ⊠	This action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-22 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-22 is/are rejected.  7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction as	hdrawn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Exact 10) The drawing(s) filed on 07 November 200 Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the country.  The oath or declaration is objected to by the specific sheet of the specific sheet in the sp	<u>1</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b) <u></u> o the drawing(s) be held in abeyar orrection is required if the drawing	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		ummary (PTO-413)				
<ul> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94</li> <li>3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ul>	· —	e)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 				

Application/Control Number: 10/045,601 Page 2

Art Unit: 2188

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Response to Amendment

- 1. This Office Action is in response to applicant's communication filed June 28, 2004 in response to PTO Office Action mailed January 29, 2004. The Applicant's remarks and amendments to the claims and/or the specification were considered with the results that follow.
- 2. Claims 1-22 have been presented for examination in this application. In response to the last Office Action, no claims have been amended. No claims have been canceled. Claims 15-22 have been added. As a result, claims 1-22 are now pending in this application.
- 3. The objection to the specification has been withdrawn due to the amendment filed June 28, 2004.

#### Response to Arguments

- 4. Applicant's arguments, see pages 8 and 9, filed June 28, 2004, with respect to claims 1-22 have been fully considered and are persuasive. The rejection of claims 1-14 has been withdrawn.
- 5. Applicant's arguments, see pages 8 and 9, filed June 8, 2004, with respect to the rejection(s)of claim(s) 1-24 under 35 USC 102(e) have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Leung (6,415,353) and Amitai (4,794,850).

Art Unit: 2188

Amitai discloses a memory that can be sectioned so that a subdivision of a word can be selectively enabled or disabled (col. 3, lines 18-21; col. 1, lines 48-49). Note that each CAS output signal is selectively connected to an 8-bit section or byte of a data word of 16 or 32 bits.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 7. Claims 15 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Amitai (US4,797,850).

As per claims 15 and 20, Amitai discloses a method for providing access to a memory, the method comprising: disabling a section of memory [output signals are selectively connected to a different section, thus sections can be enabled or disabled selectively; col. 3, lines 18-21], the memory including multiple sections that each contain a subdivision of a word [each section contains 8-bit of a 16-bit or 32-bit data word; col. 3, lines 18-21]; receiving an address for a word of memory to be accessed [col. 3, lines 12-17]; and accessing a subdivision of the addressed word of memory, the accessed subdivision not including the subdivision of the word in the disabled section of memory so that power is preserved by disabling the section of memory when access to the entire word is not needed [a different 8-bit section is selectively and individually accessed, thus the non-accessed

Art Unit: 2188

section would be disabled; inherently, a non-accessed or disables section only consumes a small amount of power as opposed to an enabled section as is well known in the art; col. 3, lines 18-21].

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 9. Claims 16-19 and 21-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Amitai (US4,797,850) and Getzinger et al. (US4,972,314).

As per claims 16 and 21, Amitai discloses the claimed invention as detailed above in the previous paragraphs. However, Amitai does not specifically teach disabling the sections on a port-by-port basis as recited in the claims.

Getzinger discloses a memory storage element divided into sections of equal size wherein each section has a multiplexed input/output port that provides one of four data paths in order to provide a partitioned memory for elimination of memory access contention (col. 1, lines 40-42; col. 32, lines 33-47).

Since the technology for implementing disabling the sections on a port-by-port basis was well known as evidenced by Getzinger and since a partitioned memory for elimination of memory access contention, an artisan would have been motivated to implement disabling the sections on a port-by-port basis in the system of Amitai. Thus, It

Art Unit: 2188

would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to modify the system of Amitai to include disabling the sections on a port-by-port basis because it was well known to provide a partitioned memory for elimination of memory access contention as taught by Getzinger.

As per claim 17, Getzinger discloses different subdivisions of a word can be accessed through different ports [each section has one port and the memory controller determines which port is active; col. 32, lines 33-56].

As per claims 18, 19 and 22, Amitai discloses a latch storing information about enabling or disabling a section [col. 5, lines 2-12].

10. Claims 1-5 and 7-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Leung (US6,415,353) and Amitai (US4,797,850).

As per claim 1, Leung discloses a memory bank having words that are addressable by addresses and having multiple sections, the memory bank comprising:

a plurality of sections [row 0 section 0 of bank 0, row 1 section 2 of bank 0 each stores 256-bit in the form of 8 32-bit words; col. 8, lines 18-44], each section having a row enable line for each row of the memory and a column enable line for each column of the memory for enabling access to a subdivision of a word of memory [row address decoder activates the word line designated by output of row address multiplexer; column address decoder enables column address received from column address multiplexer; col. 27, lines 38-51], each section having a section enable line for enabling access to that section [identified row bank and section is

Art Unit: 2188

accessed by cache tag memory; col. 9, lines 30-38]; for each row of each section, row enabler logic that enables the row enable line for that row of that section only when the section enable line for that section is enabled [row address decoder activates word line designated in the designated row; col. 32, lines 28-32]; and for each section, column enabler logic that enables a column enable line for that section only when the section enable line for that section is enabled [activation of CAS enables column address decoder which selects word in designated column address; col. 38, lines 34-37].

However, Leung does not specifically teach each section of the bank representing a subdivision of a word of memory as recited in the claim.

Amitai discloses a data processing system wherein each CAS output signal is selectively connected to an 8-bit section or byte of a data word of 16 or 32 bits to individually access each byte in order to provide independent control of the data (col. 3, lines 18-21; col. 2, lines 11-13). Since the technology for implementing each section of a bank representing a subdivision of a word of memory was well known as evidenced by Amitai and since each section of the bank representing a subdivision of a word of memory provides independent control of the data, an artisan would have been motivated to implement the above memory sections in the system of Leung. Thus, It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to modify the system of Leung to include each section of a bank representing a subdivision of a word of memory because it was well known to provide independent control of the data as taught by Amitai.

Art Unit: 2188

As per claim 2, Leung discloses the memory bank is part of a multi-port memory device and wherein the section enable lines are enabled based on the accessing port [data is retired through a first port and written through a second port; col. 21, lines 3-10].

As per claim 3, Leung discloses different rows of different sections can be simultaneously accessed to satisfy different memory access requests [banks can operate independent of each other so that parallel operations can take lace simultaneously; col. 6, lines 45-48].

As per claim 4, Leung discloses the row and column address enable signals are buffered to accommodate row and column latencies [row and columns addresses are buffered; col. 14, lines 8-10; col. 30, lines 23-34].

As per claim 5, Leung discloses the memory bank includes configuration information storage for selectively enabling sections [row and sections of DRAM are selected for writing to cache; col. 8, lines 15-37].

As per claim 7, Leung discloses a memory bank having words that are addressable by addresses and having multiple sections, the memory bank comprising:

a plurality of sections [row 0 section 0 of bank 0, row 1 section 2 of bank 0 each stores 256-bit in the form of 8 32-bit words; col. 8, lines 18-44], each word of memory being accessible via an address [activation of CAS enables column address decoder which selects word in designated column address; col. 38, lines 34-37], each section being selectively enabled so that only a portion of a word corresponding to enabled sections is accessible so that sections that are not enabled use less power than sections that are enabled [activation of CAS enables]

Art Unit: 2188

column address decoder which selects word in designated column address; enabled sections inherently use more power than sections that are not enabled; col. 38, lines 34-37].

However, Leung does not specifically teach each section of the bank representing a subdivision of a word of memory as recited in the claim.

Amitai discloses a data processing system wherein each CAS output signal is selectively connected to an 8-bit section or byte of a data word of 16 or 32 bits to individually access each byte in order to provide independent control of the data (col. 3, lines 18-21; col. 2, lines 11-13). Since the technology for implementing each section of a bank representing a subdivision of a word of memory was well known as evidenced by Amitai and since each section of the bank representing a subdivision of a word of memory provides independent control of the data, an artisan would have been motivated to implement the above memory sections in the system of Leung. Thus, It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to modify the system of Leung to include each section of a bank representing a subdivision of a word of memory because it was well known to provide independent control of the data as taught by Amitai.

As per claim 8, Leung discloses the address is divided into a row portion and a column portion and the memory bank includes a row decoder and a column decoder to selectively accesses a word of the memory bank [RAS# and CAS# are issued to bank 0 and decoded by decoders 182 and 183; Fig. 1; col. 11, line 64 – col. 12, line 38].

As per claim 9, Leung discloses output of the row decoder and output of the column decoder only drives sections that are enabled [row address decoder activates the word

Art Unit: 2188

line designated by output of row address multiplexer; column address decoder enables column address received from column address multiplexer; col. 27, lines 38-51].

As per claim 10, Leung discloses the outputs are buffered to accommodate row and column latencies [row and columns addresses are buffered; col. 14, lines 8-10; col. 30, lines 23-34].

As per claim 11, Leung discloses the memory bank is part of a multi-port memory device and wherein the section enable lines are enabled based on the accessing port [data is retired through a first port and written through a second port; col. 5, lines 15-20].

As per claim 12, Leung discloses different rows of different sections can be simultaneously accessed to satisfy different memory access requests [banks can operate independent of each other so that parallel operations can take lace simultaneously; col. 6, lines 45-48].

As per claim 13, Leung discloses the memory bank includes configuration information storage for selectively enabling sections [row and sections of DRAM are selected for writing to cache; col. 8, lines 15-37].

11. Claims 6 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Leung (US6,415,353) and Amitai (US4,797,850) and Getzinger et al. (US4,972,314).

As per claims 6 and 14, the combination of Leung and Amitai discloses the claimed invention as detailed above in the previous paragraphs. However, Leung and

Art Unit: 2188

Amitai do not specifically teach disabling the sections on a port-by-port basis as recited in the claims.

Getzinger discloses a memory storage element divided into sections of equal size wherein each section has a multiplexed input/output port that provides one of four data paths in order to provide a partitioned memory for elimination of memory access contention (col. 1, lines 40-42; col. 32, lines 33-47).

Since the technology for implementing disabling the sections on a port-by-port basis was well known as evidenced by Getzinger and since a partitioned memory for elimination of memory access contention, an artisan would have been motivated to implement disabling the sections on a port-by-port basis in the system of Leung and Amitai. Thus, It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to modify the system of Leung and Amitai to include disabling the sections on a port-by-port basis because it was well known to provide a partitioned memory for elimination of memory access contention as taught by Getzinger.

#### Conclusion

12. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Applicant is required under 37 C.F.R. § 1.111 (c) to consider these references fully when responding to this action. The documents cited therein teach memory banks having multiple sections, enabling row and columns to access words of memory.

Art Unit: 2188

13. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Pierre M. Vital whose telephone number is (703) 306-5839. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri, 8:30 am - 6:00 pm, alternate Friday off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mano Padmanabhan can be reached on (703) 306-2903. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

August 26, 2004

Pierre M. Vital Examiner Art Unit 2188